

Lectures on Berry phase related phisics

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Contents of lectures

Topics

- Berry phase and physical properties
- **Berry phase and physical properties 2**
- Berry curvature and anomalous Hall conductivity
- Topological invariant: Chern number and Z_2
- Computing Chern number and Z_2 as local quantity

First-order differential equation

Variation of parameters

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + p(x)y = q(x) \quad (1)$$

Solution

- Solve homogeneous equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + p(x)y = 0$
 $y_0 = C_0 e^{\int p(x)dx}$
 $C_0 \rightarrow C(x)$ and substitute $y = C(x)e^{\int p(x)dx}$ into equation (1).
- $C(x) = \int q(x)e^{\int p(x)dx} dx$
- Solution: $y = C_0 e^{\int p(x)dx} + e^{\int p(x)dx} \int q(x)e^{\int p(x)dx}$

Berry phase

Time-dependent Schrödinger equation

$$H(t + T) = H(t)$$

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = H(t)\psi$$

$$H(t)\phi_n(t) = E_n(t)\phi_n(t)$$

$$\psi = \sum_n C_n(t)\phi_n(t) \simeq C_n(t)\phi_n(t)$$

$$i\hbar \left(\phi_n \frac{dC_n}{dt} + C_n \frac{d\phi_n}{dt} \right) = H(t)C_n\phi_n = E_n C_n \phi_n$$

Berry phase

Time-dependent Schrödinger equation

Solution by using Variation of parameters method:

$$i\hbar\phi_n \frac{dC_n}{dt} - E_n \phi_n C_n = -i\hbar C_n \frac{d\phi_n}{dt} \quad (2)$$

Homogeneous equation:

$$i\hbar \frac{dC_n}{dt} = E_n C_n$$

$$\log C_n = -\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t E_n(s) ds$$

$$C_n = C_0 \exp \left(-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^t E_n(s) ds \right)$$

$$C_0 \rightarrow C_0(t) = C_0 e^{i\theta(t)}$$

Berry phase

Time-dependent Schrödinger equation

$$i\hbar \left(\phi_n \frac{dC_n}{dt} + C_n \frac{d\phi_n}{dt} \right) = E_n C_n \phi_n$$

$$\begin{aligned} i\hbar \left(e^{i\theta(t)} \phi_n \frac{dC_n}{dt} + C_n e^{i\theta(t)} \phi_n \left(i \frac{d\theta(t)}{dt} \right) + C_n e^{i\theta(t)} \frac{d\phi_n}{dt} \right) \\ = E_n C_n e^{i\theta(t)} \phi_n \end{aligned}$$

$$i\hbar \left(\phi_n \frac{dC_n}{dt} + C_n \phi_n \left(i \frac{d\theta(t)}{dt} \right) + C_n \frac{d\phi_n}{dt} \right) = E_n C_n \phi_n$$

$$\phi_n \left(\frac{d\theta(t)}{dt} \right) = i \frac{d\phi_n}{dt}$$

$$\int d\mathbf{r} \phi_n^* \phi_n \left(\frac{d\theta(t)}{dt} \right) = \int d\mathbf{r} \left(i \phi_n^* \frac{d\phi_n}{dt} \right)$$

Berry phase

Time-dependent Schrödinger equation

$$\int dr \phi_n^* \phi_n \left(\frac{d\theta(t)}{dt} \right) = \int dr \left(i \phi_n^* \frac{d\phi_n}{dt} \right)$$

$$\theta(t') = \int_0^{t'} dt \int dr \left(i \phi_n^* \frac{d\phi_n}{dt} \right)$$

Berry phase

$$\theta(T) - \theta(0) = \frac{1}{\hbar} \int_0^T dt \int dr \phi_n^* \frac{\partial \phi_n}{\partial t} \neq 0$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} = \frac{dx}{dt} \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$$

$$\theta(x(T)) - \theta(x(0)) = \frac{1}{\hbar} \int_{x(0)}^{x(T)} dx' \int dr \phi_n^* \frac{\partial \phi_n}{\partial x'} \neq 0$$